ENERGY STAR[®] Residential New Construction Programs

Historical Document

This document is provided for reference because it has been superseded by a more recent Version or Revision. Please find current program documents on the <u>Program</u> <u>Requirements</u> webpage.

Use of older Versions and Revisions, such as this document, are typically limited to homes and buildings with a permit date (or, for manufactured homes, a production date) prior to a specified date. Consult the <u>Implementation Timeline</u> table to assess whether a home or apartment is still eligible to be certified using this document.

For questions or more information, contact us at <u>energystarhome@energystar.gov</u>.



ERI Target Procedure for use with ANSI/RESNET/ICC 301-2019

This document provides detailed instructions for determining the ENERGY STAR ERI Target, the highest ERI value that each rated multifamily unit, excluding townhouses, may achieve to earn the ENERGY STAR. Note that, in addition to meeting the ENERGY STAR ERI Target for each unit, units shall also meet all Mandatory Requirements for All Multifamily New Construction Projects in Exhibit 2 of the National Program Requirements for ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction, Version 1 / 1.1 / OR-WA 1.2. While Townhouses are eligible to earn ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction certification by meeting their ENERGY STAR ERI Target and also meeting all Mandatory Requirements for All Multifamily New Constructions for determining their ENERGY STAR ERI Target is in the National ERI Target Procedure for ENERGY STAR Certified Homes.

An EPA-recognized Verification Oversight Organization's Approved Software Rating Tool shall automatically determine (i.e., without relying on a user-configured ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design) this target for each rated unit. This shall be done by configuring the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design in accordance with Exhibit 1, the Expanded ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Definition, and calculating its associated ERI value. The ERI value shall be calculated using ANSI / RESNET / ICC Standard 301-2019 including all Addenda and Normative Appendices, with new versions and Addenda implemented according to the Effective Date and Transition Period End Date defined by RESNET. RESNET interpretations of Standard 301-2019 shall also be followed. Any exceptions shall be approved by EPA and reported at <u>www.energystar.gov/ERIExceptions</u>. This value, rounded to the nearest whole number, shall equal the ENERGY STAR ERI Target.

The Oregon and Washington ERI Target Procedure (ANSI 301-2014) must instead be used to determine the ENERGY STAR ERI Target when using ANSI / RESNET / ICC Standard 301-2014.



Oregon and Washington ERI Target Procedure (ANSI 301-2019) ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction, Version 1.2 (Rev. 01)

Exhibit 1: Expanded ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Definition

Building Component	Ex	panded ENERGY STAR Mult	ifamily Reference De	sian Definition ¹				
Foundations:	Expanded ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Definition ¹ Construction Type & Structural Mass: Same as Rated Unit ² , except:							
	 For masonry floor slabs, modeled 		d by carpet and 20% of	floor directly expose	ed to room air			
	Conditioning Type: Same as Rated Unit ² , except:							
	 Crawlspaces shall be modeled as 	vented with net free vent aper	rture = 1sq. ft. per 150	sq. ft. of crawlspace	floor area			
	Gross Area: Same as Rated Unit ²							
	Insulation: ^{3, 4} Choose appropriate insul	ation level below;						
	Basement Wall Continuous Insula	ation R-Value only applies to co	onditioned basements;	if applicable, insulati	on shall be located on interior			
	side of walls Floor assemblies above crawlspace foundations shall be configured to meet the applicable floor assembly U-factor listed in the building 							
	component section for Floors Ove		area to meet the application		D-factor listed in the building			
	 On-grade and below-grade slab floors shall be insulated to the Slab Insulation R-value at both the perimeter for the entire depth of the slab, 							
	or 2 ft. if slab depth is not specified by user, and under the entire slab area							
	Climate Zone:			CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6			
	Slab Insulation R-Value:			10	10			
	Basement Wall			15	15			
	Continuous Insulation R-Value:							
Floors Over	Construction Type: Wood frame							
Unconditioned Spaces:	Gross Area: Same as Rated Unit ²							
Spaces.	Insulation: ^{3, 4}							
	Climate Zone:			CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6			
Above Create	Floor Assembly U-Factor:	Wood from a		0.028	0.028			
Above-Grade Walls:	Interior and Exterior Construction Type	: wood frame						
vvalis.	Gross Area: Same as Rated Unit ² Solar Absorptance = 0.75							
	Emittance = 0.90							
	Climate Zone:				CZ 6			
				CZ 4 C & 5				
Thormolly	Wall Assembly U-Factor:			0.056	0.056			
Thermally Isolated	None							
Sunrooms:	None							
Doors:	Area: Same as Rated Unit ² , with door	seal properly installed to minim	nize air leakage betwee	n the door and door	frame, to avoid the 140 CFM5			
	addition to measured airflow per ANSI							
	Orientation: Same as Rated Unit ²							
	U-Factors and SHGCs:							
	Door Type:	Opaque	≤ 1/2-Lite	> 1/2-Lite				
	U-Factor:	0.17	0.25	0.30				
	SHGC:	n/a	0.25	0.30				
Glazing:	Total Area: $AG = 0.15 \times CFA \times FA \times F$,		all area °					
	Orientation: Same as Rated Unit ² , by percentage of area Interior Shade Coefficient: Same as Energy Rating Reference Home, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301							
		ergy Rating Reference Home,	as defined by ANSI / F	RESNET / ICC Std. 3	01			
	External Shading: None							
	Assembly U-Factors and SHGCs:							
	Climate Zone:			CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6			
	U-Factor:			0.27	0.27			
	SHGC:			0.30	0.30			
	Class AW Assembly U-Factors (i.e., Sti	ructural) Windows based on 20)15 IgCC					
	Climate Zone:			CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6			
	Fixed Window U-Factor:			0.36	0.34			
	Operable Window U-Factor:			0.43	0.41			
<u></u>	SHGC:			0.30	0.30			
Skylights:	None							
Ceilings:	Construction Type: Wood frame							
	Gross Area: Same as Rated Unit ²							
	Insulation: ³							
	Climate Zone:			CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6			
-	Ceiling Assembly U-Factor:			0.026	0.026			
Top Floor Unit	Construction Type: Vented with apertur	re = 1sq. tt. per 300 sq. ft. ceilir	ng area					
Attics:	Radiant Barrier: None							
Roofs:	Construction Type: Composition shingle	e on wood sheathing						
	Gross Area: Same as Rated Unit ²							
	Solar Absorptance = 0.92							
	Emittance = 0.90							



Oregon and Washington ERI Target Procedure (ANSI 301-2019)

ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction, Version 1.2 (Rev. 01)

Exhibit 1: Expanded ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Definition (Continued)

		GY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Defi						
Heating Systems:	Heating capacity shall be selected in accordance with ACCA Manual S based on loads calculated for the Reference Design in accordance with ACCA Manual J, Eighth Edition, ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals, or an equivalent computation procedure. Where heat from a central							
	boiler is distributed by water-loop heat pumps within the Rated Unit, in accordance with the methodology for the Rated Home in ANSI /							
	RESNET / ICC Std. 301, the Reference Design shall be configured such that the heating load is assigned to two separate heating systems: 1) a							
	heat pump with a capacity that is equal to the Reference Design heating load divided by 4.2 COP and 2) a boiler with the balance of the							
	capacity of (1-1/4.2) or 76.19% Fuel Type: Same as Rated Unit ^{2, 6}							
		System Type: Same as Rated Unit ² , except Reference Design shall be configured with air-source heat pump where Rated Unit is modeled with						
	air-source or ground-source heat pump, electric strip heat, or electric baseboard heat; applicable efficiency selected from below ⁷							
	Climate Zone:	CZ 4C 8						
	Gas Furn. AFUE:	95	95					
	Oil Furn. AFUE:	85	85					
	Gas Boiler AFUE: Oil Boiler AFUE:	90 86	90 86					
	Central Boiler, \geq 300 KBtu/h E _t :	86	86					
	Central Boiler w/WLHP, ≥ 300 KBt		89					
	Air-Source Heat Pump HSPF:	9.5	9.5					
	Air-Source Heat Pump Backup:	Electri						
	Ground-Source Heat Pump COP:		n/a					
	For non-electric warm furnaces and non-electric boilers, serving the Rated Unit and no other units, the Electric Auxiliary Energy shall be							
	determined in accordance with the methodology for the Energy Rating Reference Home in ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301, using the capacity determined in this Section. For non-electric boilers, serving the Rated Unit and other units, the Electric Auxiliary Energy shall be determined in							
	accordance with the methodology for the Rated Home in ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301, using motor efficiency of 0.85							
Cooling		accordance with ACCA Manual S based on loads calculated for t						
Systems:	ACCA Manual J, Eighth Edition, AS	HRAE Handbook of Fundamentals, or an equivalent computation						
	Fuel Type: Same as Rated Unit ^{2, 6}							
		, except Reference Design shall be configured with air-source hea						
	Climate Zone:	mp, electric strip heat, or electric baseboard heat; applicable effici CZ 4 C						
	AC SEER:	13	13					
	Air-Source Heat Pump SEER:	15	15					
	Ground-Source Heat Pump EER:	n/a	n/a					
		oling tower with water-loop heat pumps, Reference Design SEER $_{\epsilon}$						
		in ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301, using motor efficiency of 0.85. I						
0		on. For water-loop heat pumps, Reference Design SEER _{eq} shall b						
Service Water		ergy Rating Reference Home, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / IC(
Heating	resulting from R-3 pipe insulation and the equipment specified in the Lighting, Appliances, Fixtures & Internal Gains Section ⁹ Tank Temperature: Same as Energy Rating Reference Home, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301							
Systems:	Recirculation Pump Energy (for pumps serving the Rated Unit and no other units): 0 kWh per year							
		nps serving the Rated Unit and other units): as defined by ANSI / F	RESNET / ICC Std. 301, using 0.85 for					
	motor efficiency and using the same HP as the pump serving the Rated Unit							
		Fuel Type & System Type (when Rated Unit is served by a commercial system): Same as system serving the Rated Unit. For boilers or water						
	heaters, use 85% E _t . For electric water heaters, use 0.95 EF Fuel Type & System Type (when Rated Unit is served by residential systems): If Rated Unit uses a system with a gas or propane fuel type,							
	model as instantaneous gas water heater. If Rated Unit uses a system with an oil, electric, or other fuel type, model as 60 gallon electric heat							
	pump water heater. Select applicabl	e efficiency from below ⁶						
	Climate Zone:	CZ 4 C & 5	CZ 6					
	Gas DHW EF:	0.91 EF	0.91 EF					
These	Electric DHW EF:	2.5 EF	2.0 EF					
Thermal Distribution		er of 4 CFM25 per 100 sq. ft. of conditioned floor area or 40 CFM2	20					
Systems:	Duct Insulation: R-8 on all ducts loca Duct Surface Area: Same as Rated							
- ,		hall be configured according to the table below						
	Ceiling Type:	100% Adiabatic	All Other					
	One Story Unit:	100% Conditioned	100% Attic					
	All other Units:	100% Conditioned	75% Attic / 25% Conditioned					
Thermostat:	Type: Programmable							
	Temperature Setpoints: Same as Energy Rating Reference Home, but with offsets for a programmable thermostat, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301							
Infiltration & Mechanical	Compartmentalization Rates: 0.3 cfm50/ft ² Enclosure Area, with Aext applied to calculate Infiltration Rate, in accordance with ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301							
Ventilation:	Mechanical ventilation system without heat recovery							
	Rate: CFM = 0.01 * CFA + 7.5 * (Nbr + 1), where CFA = Conditioned Floor Area and Nbr = Number of Bedrooms; Runtime: 24 Hours / Day Fan Watts: Watts = CFM Rate / 2.8 CFM per Watt, where CFM Rate is determined above							
	Climate Zone:	CZ 4 C &	5 CZ 6					
	Chinale Zone.		020					



Oregon and Washington ERI Target Procedure (ANSI 301-2019) ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction, Version 1.2 (Rev. 01)

Exhibit 1: Expanded ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design Definition (Continued)

Lighting, Appliances, Fixtures & Internal Gains:	Lighting: Fraction of qualifying Tier I fixtures to all fixtures in qualifying light fixture locations 90% for interior; 0% for exterior and garage							
	Refrigerator: 423 kWh per year							
	Dishwasher: 0.66 EF, Place Setting Capacity Same as Rated Unit ² ; use 12 settings if no dishwasher installed in Rated Unit Clothes Washer: Use the ENERGY STAR values below, even if no clothes washer is installed or if the ratio of dwelling units to installed washers is more than 14. Exception: If installed clothes washer is not available as ENERGY STAR certified (e.g., top-loading commercial							
	clothes washers, Combination All-In One Washer-Dryers), model the same as the Rated Unit clothes washer							
		LER	\$/kWh	AGC	\$/therm	CAPw	IMEF	
	ENERGY STAR	152	0.12	12	1.09	4.2	2.06	
	Clothes Dryer: Field Use Factor is 1.04 and CEF is 3.93 for electric and 3.43 for gas, even if no clothes dryer is installed. Exception: If installed clothes dryer is not available as ENERGY STAR certified (e.g., commercial clothes dryers, Combination All-In One Washer-Dryers), model the same as the Rated Unit clothes dryer							
	Ceiling Fan: 122 CFM per Watt; Quantity = Number of bedrooms + 1 when ceiling fans present in the Rated Unit; otherwise Quantity = 0							
	Water fixtures: all showers and faucets ≤ 2.0 gpm							
	Internal Gains: Same as Energy Rating Reference Home, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301, except for adjustments for the lighting, refrigerator, dishwasher, clothes washer, clothes dryer, and ceiling fans specified in this section							
Internal	Same as Energy Rating Reference Home, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301							
Mass:	Additional mass specifically designed as a Thermal Storage Element for the Rated Unit shall be excluded							



Oregon and Washington ERI Target Procedure (ANSI 301-2019) ENERGY STAR Multifamily New Construction, Version 1.2 (Rev. 01)

Footnotes:

- Any parameter not specified in this exhibit shall be identical to the value entered for the Rated Unit. Where envelope building components do not exist in the Rated Unit, such as a foundation or slab, they should not be modeled in the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design. Where the envelope component is adiabatic in the Rated Unit, it shall also be adiabatic in the Multifamily Reference Design.
- 2. "Same as Rated Unit" indicates that the parameter shall be identical to the value entered for the Rated Unit.
- 3. Slab insulation R-values represent nominal insulation levels; and assembly U-factors for foundations, floors, walls, and ceilings represent the overall assembly, inclusive of sheathing materials, cavity insulation, installation quality, framing, and interior finishes.
- 4. If software allows the user to specify the thermal boundary location independent of the conditioned space boundary in the basement of the Rated Unit, then the thermal boundary of the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design shall be aligned with this boundary. For example, if the thermal boundary is located at the walls, then the wall insulation shall be configured as if it was a conditioned basement. If the thermal boundary is located at the floor above the basement, then the floor insulation shall be configured as if it was a floor over an unconditioned space.
- 5. When determining the ENERGY STAR ERI Target, the following formula shall be used to determine total window area of the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design:

$$AG = 0.15 \times CFA \times FA \times F$$

Where:

- AG = Total glazing area
- CFA = Total conditioned floor area
- FA = (Gross above-grade thermal boundary wall area) / (Gross above-grade boundary wall area + 0.5 x Gross below-grade thermal boundary wall area)
- F = 1- 0.44 x (Gross common wall area) / (Gross above-grade thermal boundary wall area + Gross common wall area)

And where:

- Thermal boundary wall is any wall that separates conditioned space from unconditioned space, outdoor environment, or the surrounding soil;
- Above-grade thermal boundary wall is any portion of a thermal boundary wall not in contact with soil;
- Below-grade boundary wall is any portion of a thermal boundary wall in soil contact; AND
- Common wall is the total wall area of walls adjacent to other conditioned space, not including foundation walls.
- 6. Fuel type(s) shall be same as Rated Unit, including any dual-fuel equipment where applicable. For a Rated Unit with multiple heating, cooling, or water heating systems using different fuel types, the applicable system capacities and fuel types shall be weighted in accordance with the loads distribution (as calculated by accepted engineering practice for that equipment and fuel type) of the multiple systems, unless otherwise specified by ANSI / RESNET / ICC Std. 301.
- 7. For a Rated Unit without a heating system, the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design shall be configured with a 78% AFUE gas furnace system, unless the Rated Unit has no access to natural gas or fossil fuel delivery. In such cases, the ENERGY STAR Reference Multifamily Design shall be configured with a 7.7 HSPF air-source heat pump.
- 8. For a Rated Unit without a cooling system, the ENERGY STAR Multifamily Reference Design shall be configured with a 13 SEER electric air conditioner.
- 9. That is to say, representative of standard-flow plumbing fixtures, reference clothes washer gallons per day, standard distribution system water use effectiveness, a hot water piping ratio of 1.0, no pipe insulation, and no drain water heater recovery.